

War on Gaza: Namibia Slams Germany for Offering to Defend Israel in ICJ Genocide Case

Namibian president says Berlin is unable to 'draw lessons from its horrific history' in reference to the genocide perpetrated by Germany in his country last century

By [Middle East Eye](#)

Global Research, January 17, 2024

[Middle East Eye](#) 15 January 2024

Region: [Europe](#), [Middle East & North Africa](#), [sub-Saharan Africa](#)

Theme: [History](#), [Law and Justice](#)

In-depth Report: [PALESTINE](#)

All Global Research articles can be read in 51 languages by activating the Translate Website button below the author's name (only available in desktop version).

To receive Global Research's Daily Newsletter (selected articles), [click here](#).

Click the share button above to email/forward this article to your friends and colleagues. Follow us on [Instagram](#) and [Twitter](#) and subscribe to our [Telegram Channel](#). Feel free to repost and share widely Global Research articles.

[New Year Donation Drive: Global Research Is Committed to the "Unspoken Truth"](#)

Germany's full throttle denial regarding the unimaginable horrors being committed in Palestine is surely entirely related to the horrors their forbears committed. But they seemingly don't realise they are backing, endorsing, another one. Minute by minute, devastation, torture, heartbreak, slaughter. And they thus do the same again, by proxy.

—Felicity Arbuthnot, Global Research, January 17, 2024

*

Namibia on Sunday strongly condemned Germany for supporting [Israel](#) in its defence against genocide accusations in last week's International Court of Justice (ICJ) hearings.

The Namibian presidency issued a statement condemning the German move to act on Israel's behalf as a third party in defence, recalling Germany's role in the first 20th-century genocide of the Herero and Nama peoples in the 1900s.

"The German Government has chosen to defend in the International Court of Justice the genocidal and gruesome acts of the Israeli Government against innocent civilians in Gaza and the Occupied Palestinian Territories," read the statement, [posted](#) on X.

On Friday, the ICJ concluded a two-day hearing of a lawsuit brought by South Africa against

Israel's ferocious war in Gaza, accusing it of breaching the 1948 Geneva Convention.

Since the war started on 7 October, Israel has killed more than 24,000 Palestinians, two-thirds of them women and children, according to the [Palestinian Health Ministry](#). Eight thousand more people are missing, presumed killed under the rubble.

Namibia has pointed to Germany's atrocities carried out on its lands against the indigenous Herero and Nama people, killing more than 70,000 of them between 1904 and 1908. The German massacres in Namibia are now described as the 20th Century's first genocide.

In 2021, Germany officially admitted committing genocide in Namibia, offering around \$1.34bn in financial aid, to be paid over 30 years to help the impacted population.

"The German government is yet to fully atone for the genocide it committed on Namibian soil," says the Namibian statement.

Namibian President Hage Geingob urged his country's former colonial ruler to retract its "untimely decision to intervene as a third-party in defence and support of the genocidal acts of Israel before the International Court of Justice".

Vehement Supporter of Israel

On Friday, German government spokesman Steffen Hebestreit rebuffed South Africa's accusations against Israel at the ICJ hearings, which took place in the Hague. He said in a [post](#) on X that Berlin "firmly rejects the accusation of genocide made against Israel. It has no basis whatsoever".

Die Bundesregierung weist den gegen Israel erhobenen Vorwurf des Völkermordes entschieden zurück. Er entbehrt jeder Grundlage. Wir werden uns daher in der Hauptverhandlung vor dem Internationalen Gerichtshof als Drittpartei äußern: <https://t.co/qZYb4SiacD>

— Steffen Hebestreit (@RegSprecher) [January 12, 2024](#)

He added that his country "will therefore speak as a third party in the main hearing before the International Court of Justice".

Staunchly supporting Israel, Germany issued a [statement](#) stating that Israel "has been defending itself" against Hamas. The statement defines the South African case as a "political instrumentalisation" of the UN Genocide Convention, which it opposes.

South Africa has called upon the ICJ to take provisional measures against Israel, which includes an immediate halt to Israeli military activity in Gaza. Although the interim rulings are expected to be reached in the next few weeks, a final verdict is expected to take years.

*

Note to readers: Please click the share button above. Follow us on Instagram and Twitter and subscribe to our Telegram Channel. Feel free to repost and share widely Global Research articles.

Featured image [source](#)

The original source of this article is [Middle East Eye](#)
Copyright © [Middle East Eye](#), [Middle East Eye](#), 2024

[Comment on Global Research Articles on our Facebook page](#)

[Become a Member of Global Research](#)

Articles by: [Middle East Eye](#)

Disclaimer: The contents of this article are of sole responsibility of the author(s). The Centre for Research on Globalization will not be responsible for any inaccurate or incorrect statement in this article. The Centre of Research on Globalization grants permission to cross-post Global Research articles on community internet sites as long the source and copyright are acknowledged together with a hyperlink to the original Global Research article. For publication of Global Research articles in print or other forms including commercial internet sites, contact: publications@globalresearch.ca
www.globalresearch.ca contains copyrighted material the use of which has not always been specifically authorized by the copyright owner. We are making such material available to our readers under the provisions of "fair use" in an effort to advance a better understanding of political, economic and social issues. The material on this site is distributed without profit to those who have expressed a prior interest in receiving it for research and educational purposes. If you wish to use copyrighted material for purposes other than "fair use" you must request permission from the copyright owner.

For media inquiries: publications@globalresearch.ca