

# US-Trained Afghan Army Behind Deadly Attack on Wedding Party

New Year's Eve incident that killed as many as 26 sparks protest, investigation

By [Andrea Germanos](#)

Global Research, January 03, 2015

[Common Dreams](#) 2 January 2015

Region: [Asia](#)

In-depth Report: [AFGHANISTAN](#)

U.S. military conducting training for Afghan National Army Soldiers in 2010.  
(Photo: [isafmedia/flickr/cc](#))

The U.S.-trained Afghan army was responsible for a New Year's Eve [attack on a wedding party](#) that killed as many as two dozen people including women and children, local officials have said.

The incident took place in Sagin district in the southern province of Helmand, and was first reported on by the *Associated Press*.

Witnesses said the house where the wedding was taking place was hit after guests [fired](#) celebratory shots into the air.

The incident sparked hundreds of people to travel from Sagin to the home of the governor in the provincial capital to demand justice, *AP reports*.

"What we know so far is that our soldiers fired mortar rounds from three outposts but we do not know whether it was intentional," General Mahmoud, the deputy Commander of the Afghan 215 corps in Helmand province, told *Reuters*.

"We have launched our investigation and will punish those who did this," he said.

The exact toll from the attack is still unclear; *Agence-France Presse's* latest [reporting](#) indicates that 17 people, all women and children were killed, and that 49 others were wounded in the shelling. *Reuters reported* Thursday that 26 people were killed and 41 others wounded.

According to reporting by *AP* on Friday, two soldiers have already been arrested, and eight more are under investigation. Mahmoud told *AP* that there was "still a possibility of more arrests."

In a statement issued Thursday, United Nations Secretary-General Ban Ki-moon condemned the attack and urged the Afghan government to conduct a full investigation of the incident.

The deadly fire came at the end of what was the [deadliest year](#) for Afghan civilians, and just hours before Afghanistan formally took over security operations for the country, even as the U.S. is [continuing its military role there](#) for at least another year.

“I want to congratulate my people today that Afghan forces are now able to take full security responsibility in protecting their country’s soil and sovereignty,” Afghanistan’s President Ashraf Ghani said in a speech Thursday marking the transition.

The original source of this article is [Common Dreams](#)  
Copyright © [Andrea Germanos](#), [Common Dreams](#), 2015

---

[Comment on Global Research Articles on our Facebook page](#)

[Become a Member of Global Research](#)

Articles by: [Andrea Germanos](#)

**Disclaimer:** The contents of this article are of sole responsibility of the author(s). The Centre for Research on Globalization will not be responsible for any inaccurate or incorrect statement in this article. The Centre of Research on Globalization grants permission to cross-post Global Research articles on community internet sites as long the source and copyright are acknowledged together with a hyperlink to the original Global Research article. For publication of Global Research articles in print or other forms including commercial internet sites, contact: [publications@globalresearch.ca](mailto:publications@globalresearch.ca)

[www.globalresearch.ca](http://www.globalresearch.ca) contains copyrighted material the use of which has not always been specifically authorized by the copyright owner. We are making such material available to our readers under the provisions of "fair use" in an effort to advance a better understanding of political, economic and social issues. The material on this site is distributed without profit to those who have expressed a prior interest in receiving it for research and educational purposes. If you wish to use copyrighted material for purposes other than "fair use" you must request permission from the copyright owner.

For media inquiries: [publications@globalresearch.ca](mailto:publications@globalresearch.ca)