

Trump Moves to Finalize 'Catastrophic' Stripping of Key Protections for Largest National Forest in US

At issue is Tongass National Forest, located in southeast Alaska and described as "the crown jewel of the National Forest System."

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The Trump administration on Friday moved closer to its <u>goal</u> of stripping conservation protections from the nation's largest national forest, putting over 9 million acres at risk of clear-cut logging and bulldozing for roads and sparking <u>warnings</u> of "irreversible ecological consequences."

The proposal targets southeast Alaska's Tongass National Forest, which is <u>described</u> as "the crown jewel of the National Forest System" and "the still-thumping heart of a rainforest that once stretched uninterrupted from Northern California through Oregon, Washington, British Columbia, and Alaska."

"Of all the things our federal government could be devoting resources toward in 2020, slashing a rule to make way for clear-cutting in one of the world's last intact temperate rainforests shouldn't rank as a priority," <u>said</u> **Kate Glover**, Juneau-based staff attorney with Earthjustice.

The U.S. Forest Service <u>announced</u> (pdf) Friday its Final Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the <u>widely-opposed</u> plan to fully strip the area from the Clinton-era Roadless Rule protections. The "preferred alternative" described in the statement "removes all 9.37 million inventoried roadless acres on the Tongass from roadless designation."

The plan "would revert a net total of 168,000 old-growth acres and 20,000 young-growth acres previously identified as unsuitable timber lands to suitable timber lands," the EIS states.

A record of decision finalizing removal of the Roadless Rule is expected in 30 days.

Greenpeace USA senior forests campaigner **Dr. Amy Moas** warned that the

"move by the Trump administration has irreversible ecological consequences, and sets a dangerous precedent for timber industry lobbyists and politicians in other states to secure access to our prized wild places."

"Forests are our guardians in our fight against the climate crisis, and we need forest protections more than ever if we are to avoid the worst impacts of the growing climate emergency," Moas continued. "Greenlighting logging, road building, and other destructive development in previously untouched portions

of our national forests will be catastrophic for our future—both increasing pollution and limiting our ability to reduce it."

"What's more," she added, "a healthy Tongass is essential to the wellbeing of Alaska Natives, the local economy in Southeast Alaska, and an abundance of wildlife."

Indeed, the forest is key habitat for species including bears, wolves, and salmon and essential to the food security and way of life for the Tlingit, Haida, and Tsimshian peoples.

Audubon Alaska released a video Friday highlighting the voice of Joel Jackson, president of the Organized Village of Kake, who asks, if the large-scale logging in Tongass is approved, "Are we even going to have future generations?"

With the EIS now released, Greenpeace's Moas said "it's imperative that Congress acts" and pointed to legislation <u>proposed</u> in May as a means to counter the administration's planned assault on Tongass.

"We need our legislators to codify one of the most popular conservation measures of the last century so nothing and no one can threaten our last wild places again. The Roadless Area Conservation Act could reverse this decision and place wildlife, recreation, and the health of our planet at the center of intact wild places instead of the interests of wealthy elites," said Moas.

"Without forests," she added, "we are without a future."

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Featured image: Brown bear and cubs fishing at Anan Creek in Tongass National Forest. (Photo: U.S. Forest Service/Mark Meyer)

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