

Russia Just Dumped \$80 Billion in US Debt

The US Treasury published a report naming those countries that are the largest holders of US bonds. The list includes 33 countries, and for the first time Russia is no longer in it.

By [Paul Goncharoff](#)

Global Research, July 19, 2018

[The Duran](#) 18 July 2018

Region: [Russia and FSU, USA](#)

Theme: [Global Economy](#)

Note to readers: please click the share buttons above

Russia has stopped "[inching towards de-dollarization](#)" as I wrote about on July 3rd, and has now energetically walked out of the list of largest holders of US government bonds, hence this update. For the two months ending in May 2018, Moscow has offloaded more than \$80 billion in US Government debt obligations.

The \$30 billion "minimum" listing Rubicon has been crossed by Russia.

As of the end of May, Russia had bonds worth only \$ 14.9 billion. For comparison: in April, Russia was on the Treasury list with bonds totaling \$48.7 billion. Even then it was offloading US\$ debt securities as Russia owned in March over \$96 billion. At the end of 2017, Russia had US treasury securities worth \$102.2 billion. It is anyone's guess what Russia will own when the June and July figures are released in August and September - probably less than today.

This simply serves as a confirmation that Russia is steadfastly following a conservative policy of risk diversification in several areas such as financial, economic, and geopolitical. The US public debt and spend is increasingly viewed as a heightened risk area, deserving sober assessment.

So where have all the dollars gone? The total reserves of the Russian Central Bank have not changed and remain at approximately the equivalent of \$ 457 billion, so what we are seeing is a shift of assets to other central banks, other asset classes, just not US\$ government bonds.

During the same time (April-May) as this US\$ shift happened, the Russian Central Bank bought more than 1 million troy ounces of gold in 60 days, and continues.

For comparison sake, the maximum Russia investment in US public debt was in October 2010 totaling \$176.3 billion. Today it is \$14.9 billion.

The largest holders of US government bonds as of May are China (\$ 1,183.1 billion), Japan (\$ 1,048.8 billion), Ireland (\$ 301 billion), Brazil (\$ 299.2 billion), Great Britain (\$ 265 billion).

Using the similar conservative metrics that the Russian Central Bank has been rather successfully applying through this geopolitically and economically challenging period with

the US and the US Dollar, it may not stretch the imagination too much that other countries such as China may eventually follow suit. Who will finance the debt/spend then?

*

Featured image is from the author.

The original source of this article is [The Duran](#)
Copyright © [Paul Goncharoff](#), [The Duran](#), 2018

[Comment on Global Research Articles on our Facebook page](#)

[Become a Member of Global Research](#)

Articles by: [Paul Goncharoff](#)

Disclaimer: The contents of this article are of sole responsibility of the author(s). The Centre for Research on Globalization will not be responsible for any inaccurate or incorrect statement in this article. The Centre of Research on Globalization grants permission to cross-post Global Research articles on community internet sites as long the source and copyright are acknowledged together with a hyperlink to the original Global Research article. For publication of Global Research articles in print or other forms including commercial internet sites, contact: publications@globalresearch.ca

www.globalresearch.ca contains copyrighted material the use of which has not always been specifically authorized by the copyright owner. We are making such material available to our readers under the provisions of "fair use" in an effort to advance a better understanding of political, economic and social issues. The material on this site is distributed without profit to those who have expressed a prior interest in receiving it for research and educational purposes. If you wish to use copyrighted material for purposes other than "fair use" you must request permission from the copyright owner.

For media inquiries: publications@globalresearch.ca