

Mexican Elections: US Media Compares López Obrador to Donald Trump

For the Washington Post, Subsidizing Bus Fare Is a Lot Like Giving the Rich \$5 Trillion

By **Gregory Shupak**

Global Research, June 27, 2018

FAIR 26 June 2018

Region: <u>Latin America & Caribbean</u> Theme: Poverty & Social Inequality

According to the Washington Post ($\frac{6}{17}$ / $\frac{18}{18}$), **Andrés Manuel López Obrador**, the frontrunner in Mexico's July 1 election, "bears more than a passing political resemblance" to US **President Donald Trump.**

Indeed, they are practically the same person: In the late 1970s, AMLO—as López Obrador is sometimes called—was "taking on Mexico's state-run oil company, Pemex, setting up protest camps outside its offices to force it to pay compensation to indigenous communities and campesinos whose lands it had polluted."

Around the same time, in 1975, Donald Trump was busy settling a lawsuit with the US Justice Department that <u>accused</u> the company he owned with his father of refusing to rent or negotiate rentals "because of race and color," "requir[ing] different rental terms and conditions because of race" and "misrepresent[ing] to blacks that apartments were not available."

AMLO<u>says</u> that, if elected, he will explore the possibility of <u>granting amnesty</u> to those involved in Mexico's bloody drug war in order to bring peace to the country. Trump's **Attorney General Jeff Sessions** <u>directed</u> federal prosecutors to

pursue the most severe penalties possible, including mandatory minimum sentences, in his first step toward a return to the war on drugs of the 1980s and 1990s that resulted in long sentences for many minority defendants and packed US prisons.

The Post's View . Opinior

Mexico's could-be president is a lot like Trump. That doesn't mean they'd get along.



Mexican presidential candidate Andrés Manuel López Obrador "bears more than a passing political resemblance to President Trump," according to the Washington Post editorial page (6/17/18).

As mayor of Mexico City, López Obrador <u>subsidized</u> subway fares and gave stipends to senior citizens and single mothers. As president, Trump and his allies in Congress <u>doled out</u> "close to \$5 trillion in tax cuts almost exclusively for the wealthy," including a corporate tax cut of \$1.5 trillion that CEOs <u>say</u> they will keep rather than invest or use to increase workers' wages, while raising taxes on lower earners by \$5.8 billion, taking such measures as eliminating tax deductions for interest on student loans, medical costs and teachers' out-of-pocket expenses.

Thus, the editorial's entirely apt and not-at-all hallucinatory title reads in part, "Mexico's Could-Be President Is a Lot Like Trump."

The **Post**'s López Obrador/Trump analogy is a particularly pernicious (and dumb) instance of what Tariq Ali calls "the extreme center," a dynamic that reduces politics to "a contest to see who can best serve the needs of the market," and one that has dominated the West since the collapse of the Eastern Bloc. The extreme center <u>involves</u> two political parties funded by the same sources carrying out very similar policies, including neoliberalism, austerity, mass surveillance and US-led wars. Centrists, extreme or otherwise, treat a departure from these practices as dangerous radicalism.

The one incredibly shallow sense in which Trump and López Obrador are comparable is that both have taken positions that fall out of the extreme centrist status quo. However, Trump challenges the center from the right and AMLO does so from the left. In conflating Trump and López Obrador, the **Post** emphasizes the sole superficial trait they share and skates over the manifold, substantive differences between the two. For example, the **Post**'s editorial concludes:

If Mexicans choose Mr. López Obrador, they will be, like the voters who backed Mr. Trump, blowing up the status quo without a reliable sense of what will replace it. The result is likely to be more trouble on both sides of the border.

It's true that AMLO could mean "trouble," but for a rather dissimilar constituency than Trump. López Obrador has <u>vowed</u> to reverse Mexican oil policies that led to a \$15 billion energy trade deficit with the US in 2017, and is proposing "a sweeping reorientation of the nation's energy policy with an emphasis on independence from the United States." This "could slow oil production in Texas and impede deepwater drilling in the Gulf of Mexico by international oil giants like Exxon Mobil and Chevron," while hampering natural gas sales to Mexico "that are an important source of revenue for American oil and pipeline companies." Trump, by contrast, has been "trouble" for <u>Yemeni civilians</u>, Puerto Rican <u>hurricane victims</u>, and migrant <u>children</u>, toddlers and babies.

*

Gregory Shupak teaches media studies at the University of Guelph-Humber in Toronto. His book, <u>The Wrong Story: Palestine, Israel and the Media</u>, is published by OR Books.

Featured image is from the author.

The original source of this article is <u>FAIR</u> Copyright © <u>Gregory Shupak</u>, <u>FAIR</u>, 2018

Comment on Global Research Articles on our Facebook page

Become a Member of Global Research

Articles by: **Gregory Shupak**

Disclaimer: The contents of this article are of sole responsibility of the author(s). The Centre for Research on Globalization will not be responsible for any inaccurate or incorrect statement in this article. The Centre of Research on Globalization grants permission to cross-post Global Research articles on community internet sites as long the source and copyright are acknowledged together with a hyperlink to the original Global Research article. For publication of Global Research articles in print or other forms including commercial internet sites, contact: publications@globalresearch.ca

www.globalresearch.ca contains copyrighted material the use of which has not always been specifically authorized by the copyright owner. We are making such material available to our readers under the provisions of "fair use" in an effort to advance a better understanding of political, economic and social issues. The material on this site is distributed without profit to those who have expressed a prior interest in receiving it for research and educational purposes. If you wish to use copyrighted material for purposes other than "fair use" you must request permission from the copyright owner.

For media inquiries: publications@globalresearch.ca