

## Is Venezuela About to Ditch the Dollar in Major Blow to US? Here's Why It Matters

By Darius Shahtahmasebi

Global Research, September 10, 2017

The Anti-Media 8 September 2017

Region: <u>Latin America & Caribbean</u>, <u>USA</u>
Theme: <u>Global Economy</u>, <u>Oil and Energy</u>

Venezuelan **President Nicolas Maduro** said Thursday that Venezuela will be looking to "free" itself from the U.S. dollar next week, Reuters <u>reports</u>. According to the outlet, Maduro will look to use the weakest of two official foreign exchange regimes (essentially the way Venezuela will manage its currency in relation to other currencies and the foreign exchange market), along with a basket of currencies.

According to *Reuters*, Maduro was referring to Venezuela's current official exchange rate, known as DICOM, in which the dollar can be exchanged for 3,345 bolivars. At the strongest official rate, one dollar buys only 10 bolivars, which may be one of the reasons why Maduro wants to opt for some of the weaker exchange rates.

"Venezuela is going to implement a new system of international payments and will create a basket of currencies to free us from the dollar," Maduro said in a multi-hour address to a new legislative "superbody." He reportedly did not provide details of this new proposal.

Maduro hinted that the South American country would look to using the yuan instead, among other currencies.

"If they pursue us with the dollar, we'll use the Russian ruble, the yuan, yen, the Indian rupee, the euro," Maduro also said.

Venezuela <u>sits on the world's largest</u> oil reserves but has been undergoing a major crisis, with millions of people going hungry inside the country which has been plagued with rampant, increasing inflation. In that context, the recently established economic blockade by the Trump administration only adds to the suffering of ordinary Venezuelans rather than helping their plight.

According to *Reuters*, a thousand dollars' worth of local currency obtained when Maduro came to power in 2013 is now be worth little over one dollar.

A theory advanced in **William R. Clark**'s <u>book</u> *Petrodollar Warfare* – and largely ignored by the mainstream media – essentially asserts that Washington-led interventions in the Middle East and beyond are fueled by the direct effect on the U.S. dollar that can result if oil-exporting countries opt to sell oil in alternative currencies. For example, in 2000, Iraq <u>announced</u> it would no longer use U.S. dollars to sell oil on the global market. It adopted the euro, instead.

By February 2003, the *Guardian* reported that Iraq had netted a "handsome profit" after making this policy change. Despite this, the U.S. invaded not long after and immediately switched the sale of oil back to the U.S. dollar.

In Libya, **Muammar Gaddafi** was punished for a similar proposal to create a <u>unified African currency</u> backed by gold, which would be used to buy and sell African oil. Though it sounds like a ludicrous reason to overthrow a sovereign government and plunge the country into a humanitarian crisis, **Hillary Clinton**'s leaked emails <u>confirmed</u> this was the main reason Gaddafi was overthrown. The French were especially concerned by Gaddafi's proposal and, unsurprisingly, became one of the war's <u>main contributors</u>. (It was a <u>French Rafaele jet</u> that struck Gaddafi's motorcade, ultimately leading to his death).

Iran has been using <u>alternative currencies</u> like the yuan for some time now and shares a <u>lucrative gas field</u> with Qatar, which may <u>ultimately be days away</u> from doing the same. Both countries have been vilified on the international stage, <u>particularly</u> under the <u>Trump</u> administration.

Nuclear giants China and Russia <u>have been slowly but surely</u> abandoning the U.S. dollar, as well, and the U.S. establishment has a <u>long history</u> of painting these two countries as hostile adversaries.

Now Venezuela may ultimately join the bandwagon, all the while cozying up to Russia, as well (unsurprisingly, Venezuela and Iran were identified in William R. Clark's book as attracting particular geostrategic tensions with the United States). The CIA's admission that it intends to interfere inside Venezuela to exact a change of government — combined with Trump's recent threat of military intervention in Venezuela and **Vice President Mike Pence**'s warning that the U.S. will not "stand by" and watch Venezuela deteriorate — all start to make a lot more sense when viewed through this geopolitical lens.

What initially sounded like a conspiracy theory seems to be a more plausible reality as countries that begin dropping the U.S. dollar and opting for alternative currencies continuously — and without exception — end up targeted for regime change.

If the U.S. steps up its involvement in Venezuela, the reasons why should be clear to those who have been paying attention.

The original source of this article is <u>The Anti-Media</u> Copyright © <u>Darius Shahtahmasebi</u>, <u>The Anti-Media</u>, 2017

## **Comment on Global Research Articles on our Facebook page**

## **Become a Member of Global Research**

Articles by: **Darius Shahtahmasebi** 

not be responsible for any inaccurate or incorrect statement in this article. The Centre of Research on Globalization grants permission to cross-post Global Research articles on community internet sites as long the source and copyright are acknowledged together with a hyperlink to the original Global Research article. For publication of Global Research articles in print or other forms including commercial internet sites, contact: <a href="mailto:publications@globalresearch.ca">publications@globalresearch.ca</a>

www.globalresearch.ca contains copyrighted material the use of which has not always been specifically authorized by the copyright owner. We are making such material available to our readers under the provisions of "fair use" in an effort to advance a better understanding of political, economic and social issues. The material on this site is distributed without profit to those who have expressed a prior interest in receiving it for research and educational purposes. If you wish to use copyrighted material for purposes other than "fair use" you must request permission from the copyright owner.

For media inquiries: <a href="mailto:publications@globalresearch.ca">publications@globalresearch.ca</a>