

# Intel Behind Trump's Syria Attack Questioned. Implications for U.S.-Russia

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Legendary investigative reporter **Seymour Hersh** is challenging the Trump administration's version of events surrounding the April 4 "chemical weapons attack" on the northern Syrian town of Khan Sheikhoun – though Hersh had to find a publisher in Germany to get his information out.

In the Sunday edition of *Die Welt*, Hersh **reports** that his national security sources offered a distinctly different account, revealing **President Trump** rashly deciding to launch 59 Tomahawk missiles against a Syrian airbase on April 6 despite the absence of intelligence supporting his conclusion that the Syrian military was guilty.

Hersh draws on the kind of inside sources from whom he has earned longstanding trust to dispute that there ever was a "chemical weapons attack" and to assert that **Trump was told that no evidence existed against the Syrian government but ordered "his generals" to "retaliate" anyway.** 



The Arleigh Burke-class guided-missile destroyer USS Ross fires a tomahawk land attack missile from the Mediterranean Sea into Syria, April 7, 2017. (Navy photo by Petty Officer 3rd Class Robert S. Price)

Marine **General Joseph Dunford**, Chairman of the, Joint Chiefs of Staff, and former Marine General, now **Defense Secretary James "Mad-Dog" Mattis** ordered the attacks

apparently knowing that the reason given was what one of Hersh's sources called a "fairy tale."

They then left it to Trump's national security adviser **Army General H. R. McMaster** to further the deceit with the help of a compliant mainstream media, which broke from its current tradition of distrusting whatever Trump says in favor of its older tradition of favoring "regime change" in Syria and trusting pretty much whatever the "rebels" claim.

According to Hersh's sources, the normal "deconfliction" process was followed before the April 4 strike. In such procedures, U.S. and Russian officers supply one another with advance details of airstrikes, such as target coordinates, to avoid accidental confrontations among the warplanes crisscrossing Syria.

Russia and Syrian Air Force officers gave details of the flight path to and from Khan Sheikhoun in English, Hersh reported. The target was a two-story cinderblock building in which senior leaders – "high-value targets" – of the two jihadist groups controlling the town were about to hold a meeting. Because of the perceived importance of the mission, the Russians took the unusual step of giving the Syrian air force a GPS-guided bomb to do the job, but the explosives were conventional, not chemical, Hersh reported.

The meeting place was on the floor above the basement of the building, where a source whom Hersh described as "a senior adviser to the U.S. intelligence community," told Hersh:

"The basement was used as storage for rockets, weapons, and ammunition ... and also chlorine-based decontaminates for cleansing the bodies of the dead before burial."

#### A Bomb Damage Assessment

Hersh describes what happened when the building was struck on the morning of April 4:

"A Bomb Damage Assessment by the U.S. military later determined that the heat and force of the 500-pound Syrian bomb triggered a series of secondary explosions that could have generated a huge toxic cloud that began to spread over the town, formed by the release of fertilizers, disinfectants, and other goods stored in the basement, its effect magnified by the dense morning air, which trapped the fumes close to the ground.

"According to intelligence estimates, the strike itself killed up to four jihadist leaders and an unknown number of drivers and security aides. There is no confirmed count of the number of civilians killed by the poisonous gases that were released by the secondary explosions, although opposition activists reported that there were more than 80 dead, and outlets such as CNN have put the figure as high as 92."



Investigative reporter Seymour Hersh (Source: Consortiumnews)

Due to the fog of war, which is made denser by the fact that jihadists associated with Al Qaeda control the area, many of the details of the incident were unclear on that day and remain so still. No independent on-the-ground investigation has taken place.

But there were other reasons to doubt Syrian guilt, including the implausibility of Syrian **President Bashar al-Assad** choosing that time – while his forces were making dramatic strides in finally defeating the jihadists and immediately after the Trump administration had indicated it had reversed **President Obama**'s "regime change" policy in Syria – to launch a sarin attack, which was sure to outrage the world and likely draw U.S. retaliation.

However, logic was brushed aside after local "activists," including some closely tied to the jihadists, quickly uploaded all manner of images onto social media, showing dead and dying children and other victims said to be suffering from sarin nerve gas. Inconsistencies were brushed aside – such as the "eyewitness" who insisted, "We could smell it from 500 meters away" when sarin is odorless.

## Potent Images

Still, whether credible or not, these social-media images had a potent propaganda effect. Hersh writes that within hours of watching the gruesome photos on TV – and before he had received any U.S. intelligence corroboration – Trump told his national security aides to plan retaliation against Syria. According to Hersh, it was an evidence-free decision, except for what Trump had seen on the TV shows.

Hersh quotes one U.S. officer who, upon learning of the White House decision to "retaliate" against Syria, remarked:

"We KNOW that there was no chemical attack  $\dots$  the Russians are furious – claiming we have the real intel and know the truth..."

A similar event had occurred on Aug. 21, 2013, outside Damascus – and although **the available evidence now points to a "false-flag" provocation** pulled off by the jihadists to trick the West into mounting a full-fledged assault on Assad's military, Western media still blames that incident on Assad, too.



The photograph released by the White House of President Trump meeting with his advisers at his estate in Mar-a-Lago on April 6, 2017, regarding his decision to launch missile strikes against Syria. (Source: White House)

In the Aug. 21, 2013 case, social media also proved crucial in creating and pushing the Assad-did-it narrative. On Aug. 30, 2013, then-**Secretary of State John Kerry** pinned the responsibility on Assad no fewer than 35 times, even though earlier that week National Intelligence **Director James Clapper** had warned President Obama privately that <u>Assad's culpability was "not a slam dunk</u>."

Kerry was fond of describing social media as an "extraordinarily useful tool," and it sure did come in handy in supporting Kerry's repeated but unproven charges against Assad, especially since the U.S. government had invested heavily in training and equipping Syrian "activists" to dramatize their cause. (The mainstream media also has ignored evidence that the **jihadists staged at least one chlorine gas attack**. And, as you may recall, **President George W. Bush** also spoke glowingly about the value of "catapulting the propaganda.")

#### Implications for U.S.-Russia

To the extent Hersh's account finds its way into Western corporate media, most likely it will be dismissed out of hand simply because it dovetails with Moscow's version of what happened and thus is, ipso facto, "wrong."

But the Russians (and the Syrians) know what did happen – and if there really was no sarin bombing – they recognize Trump's reckless resort to Tomahawks and the subsequent attempts to cover up for the President. All this will have repercussions.

This is as tense a time in U.S-Russian relations as I can remember from my five decades of experience watching Russian defense and foreign policy. It is left to the Russians to figure out which is worse: a President controlled by "his generals" or one who is so out of control that "his generals" are the ones who must restrain him.



Russian President Vladimir Putin with German Chancellor Angela Merkel on May 10, 2015, at the Kremlin. (Source: Russian government)

With Russia reiterating its threat to target any unannounced aircraft flying in Syrian airspace west of the Euphrates, **Russian President Putin** could authorize his own generals to shoot first and ask questions later. Then, hold onto your hat.

As of this writing, there is no sign in "mainstream media" of any reporting on Hersh's groundbreaking piece. It is a commentary on the conformist nature of today's Western media that an alternative analysis challenging the conventional wisdom – even when produced by a prominent journalist like Sy Hersh – faces such trouble finding a place to publish.

The mainstream hatred of Assad and Putin has reached such extraordinary levels that pretty much anything can be said or written about them with few if any politicians or journalists daring to express doubts regardless of how shaky the evidence is.

Even the *London Review of Books*, which published Hersh's earlier debunking of the Aug. 21, 2013 sarin-gas incident, wouldn't go off onto the limb this time despite having paid for his investigation.

According to Hersh, the *LRB* did not want to be "vulnerable to criticism for seeming to take the view of the Syrian and Russia governments when it came to the April 4 bombing in Khan Sheikhoun." So much for diversity of thought in today's West.

Yet, what was interesting about the Khan Sheikhoun case is that was a test of whom the mainstream media detested more. The MSM has taken the position that pretty much whatever Trump says is untrue or at least deserving of intense fact-checking. But the MSM also believes whatever attacks on Assad that the Syrian "activists" post on social media are true and disbelieves whatever Putin says. So, this was a tug-of-war on which prejudices were stronger – and it turned out that the antipathy toward Syria and Russia is more powerful than the distrust of Trump.

## **Ignoring Critics**

The MSM bought into Trump's narrative to such a degree that any criticism, no matter how credentialed the critic, gets either ignored or ridiculed.

For instance, the Veteran Intelligence Professionals for Sanity produced <u>a memo</u> on April 11

questioning Trump's rush to judgment. Former MIT professor **Ted Postol**, a specialist in applying science to national security incidents, also **poked major holes** in the narrative of a government sarin attack. But the MSM silence was deafening.

In remarks to *Die Welt*, Seymour Hersh, who first became famous for exposing the My Lai massacre story during the Vietnam War and disclosed the Abu Ghraib abuse story during the Iraq War, explained that he still gets upset at government lying and at the reluctance of the media to hold governments accountable:

"We have a President in America today who lies repeatedly ... but he must learn that he cannot lie about intelligence relied upon before authorizing an act of war. There are those in the Trump administration who understand this, which is why I learned the information I did. If this story creates even a few moments of regret in the White House, it will have served a very high purpose."

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Photograph of men in Khan Sheikdoun in Syria, allegedly inside a crater where a saringas bomb landed. (Source: Consortiumnews)

But it may be that the Germans reading *Welt am Sonntag* may be among the few who will get the benefit of Hersh's contrarian view of the April 4 incident in Khan Sheikhoun. Perhaps they will begin to wonder why Chancellor Angela Merkel continues with her "me-too" approach to whatever Washington wants to do regarding tensions with Russia and warfare in Syria.

Will Merkel admit that she was likely deceived in parroting Washington's line making the Syrian government responsible for a "massacre with chemical weapons" on April 4? Mercifully, most Americans will be spared having to choose between believing President Trump and Seymour Hersh.

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