

Haiti by the Numbers, Five Years After the Earthquake

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Region: [Latin America & Caribbean](#)
Theme: [Poverty & Social Inequality](#)
In-depth Report: [HAITI](#)

(Note: A number of the links below are for PDF or Excel files.)

Number of people killed in the earthquake in 2010: [over 217,300](#)

Minimum number of Haitians killed by the U.N.-caused cholera epidemic: [8,774](#)

Number of years it took after the introduction of cholera for the international community to hold a donor conference to raise funds for the cholera response: [4](#)

Amount pledged for cholera eradication: [\\$50 million](#)

Amount needed: [\\$2.2 billion](#)

Number of years it would take to fully fund the cholera-eradication plan at current disbursement rate: [40](#)

Number of Haitians who died from cholera through the first 8 months of 2014: [55](#)

Number who have died since, coinciding with the start of the rainy season: [188](#)

Number of new cholera cases in 2014, through August: [9,700](#)

Projected number of cholera cases for all of 2014, after the United Nations reduced their estimate in September 2014: [15,000](#)

Minimum number of new cholera cases since that announcement: [14,000](#) (through December 8)

Number of U.N. lawyers who were present during oral arguments in a federal court in New York to argue in favor of the U.N.'s immunity: [0](#)

Number of members of the U.S. Congress who wrote to Secretary General Ban Ki-moon last month urging the U.N. to respond justly to cholera claims: [77](#)

Humanitarian funding appeal for 2014, by the United Nations: [\\$157 million](#)

Percent of appeal covered, as of December 30, 2014: [54 percent](#)

Minimum amount raised by tax on international phone calls that is supposed to be allocated

to the National Education Fund: [\\$95.6 million](#)

Number of students the Haitian government says have received free tuition as a result: [1.3 million](#)

Estimated amount missing from the Education Fund in 2012: [\\$26 million](#)

Number of principals and other school officials arrested for fraudulently receiving benefits from National Education Fund: at least [29](#)

Percent of school-age children in school in 2001: [78](#)

Percent in 2012: [90](#)

Number of years the World Bank and Inter-American Development Bank have funded similar tuition waiver programs: 8

Poverty rate in 2012: [58.5 percent](#)

Poverty rate in rural areas in 2012: [74.9 percent](#)

Extreme poverty in rural Haiti in 2000: [38 percent](#)

Extreme poverty in rural Haiti in 2012: [38 percent](#)

Percent of income held by the richest 20 percent: [64](#)

Percent of income held by the poorest 20 percent: [Less than 1](#)

Percent of Haitian workers who have a job yet earn less than the minimum wage: [60](#)

Percent less that women earn as compared to men: [32](#)

Percent by which per capita GDP is lower today than it was in 2000: [2.7](#)

Dollar amount of textile exports to the United States in fiscal year 2012/13: [\\$387.7 million](#)

Percentage points of GDP growth these exports accounted for in that year: 0.32*[i]*

Percent of textile exports to the United States made with local goods: [0.6](#)

Minimum amount committed by the Inter-American Development Bank and United States to the Caracol Industrial Park and related infrastructure: \$482.9 million*[ii]*

Total amount of budget support to the Haitian government since the earthquake: [\\$340.2 million](#)

Number of jobs at the Caracol industrial park as of September 2014: [4,156](#)

Estimated number of jobs that will be created, according to the U.S. State Department: [65,000](#)

Estimated amount of tax revenue collected from Caracol's largest tenant over first 15 years of operations: [\\$0](#)

Minimum amount spent by USAID on feasibility and other studies for a planned port in northern Haiti, which was never built: [\\$4.25 million](#)

Number of apparel factories with a union presence, before earthquake: 1

Share of apparel factories in Haiti where there is at least a partial union presence now: [Over one-half](#)

Minimum number of workers fired for apparent union activity, since 2011: 223[\[iii\]](#)

Number of people still living in tent camps, as of September 2014: [85,432](#)

Percent decrease from its peak: [93.7](#)

Share of this decrease that return programs (rental subsidy & other programs) were responsible for: [16.7 percent](#)

Percent of remaining IDPs that are “not targeted” for return programs: [81.5](#)

Number of individuals living in informal settlements on outskirts of Port-au-Prince, not counted in official displaced population, according to Haitian government: [300,000](#)

Number of new homes built by international reconstruction efforts, as of October 2014: [9,032](#)

Planned number of new homes originally to be built with USAID support: [15,000](#)

Original planned cost of those new homes: [\\$53 million](#)

Current planned number of new homes to be built: [2,600](#)

Actual cost: More than [\\$90 million](#)

Minimum cost for additional work on 750 houses in Caracol that were found to be built with substandard materials: [\\$4.5 million](#)

Number of projects financed by Venezuela’s Petrocaribe program: [268](#)

Total projected cost: [\\$1.7](#) billion

Share of Haitian government’s capital expenditure financed by Petrocaribe: [25 percent](#)

Total debt cancellation for Haiti since 2010: [\\$895 million](#)

Total public debt, as percent of GDP, in fiscal year 2009/10: [13.0](#)

Total public debt, as percent of GDP in fiscal year 2013/14: [19.8](#)

Interest payments on external debt, as percent of GDP in fiscal year 2013/14: [0.1](#)

Percent of total external public debt owed to Venezuela through Petrocaribe Initiative: [84.7](#)

Total amount committed by international donors and NGOs since 2010, according to the Haitian government: [\\$9.3](#) billion

Amount disbursed: [\\$7.6 billion](#)

Total number of projects funded by donors since 2010: [2,262](#)

Total amount awarded in contracts and grants by USAID: \$1.5 billion[\[iv\]](#)

Percent that went directly to Haitian organizations: [1\[v\]](#)

Percent that went to firms located inside the beltway (DC, Maryland and Virginia): [56](#)

USAID's goal for local procurement in Haiti: [17 percent](#)

Amount of USAID funds earmarked for local procurement in 2015: [\\$5.5 million](#)

Total amount awarded to Chemonics International, a for-profit development company, since the earthquake: \$216 million[\[vi\]](#)

Performance bonus paid to Chemonics CEO Richard Dreiman last year: \$2.5 million[\[vii\]](#)

Amount awarded directly to Haiti's Ministry of Health (one of the only government institutions to receive direct funding) by the U.S. government: \$170.9 million[\[viii\]](#)

Percent of children under five years suffering from chronic malnutrition, 2006: [29](#)

Percent of children under five years suffering from chronic malnutrition, 2012: [22](#)

Number of hospitals, out of 48 total, which were put out of service by the earthquake:[37](#)

Minimum number of cities where health facilities have been renovated, with U.S. support: [9](#)

Percent of Haitian government's budget that went to health ministry in 2014: [5.3](#)

Minimum number of sexual abuse allegations against the U.N. mission in Haiti, MINUSTAH, since 2007: [94\[ix\]](#)

Percent of total U.N. troops worldwide, stationed in Haiti: [7.2](#)

Share of total worldwide sexual abuse allegations against U.N. troops that MINUSTAH has accounted for over the last 2 years: [1 in 4 \[x\]](#)

Months that partial legislative and local elections have been delayed: [39](#) and counting

Number of "municipal agents" named by President Martelly to replace elected mayors whose terms expired in 2012: [130](#)

Share of Senate seats currently empty due to lack of elections: [One-third](#)

Number of members of the 99-seat Chamber of Deputies whose terms expire on January 12, 2015: 99

Percent of parliament represented by women: [4](#)

Number of environmental monitoring officers deployed in 2014, to protected areas:[150](#)

Percent of land covered by forest: [Less than 3](#)

Number of seedlings planted between 2010 and 2014: [5.5 million](#)

Notes

[i] Author's calculation.

[ii] Calculation based on numbers from IADB productive infrastructure programs, GAO report from 2014, and a new \$15 million commitment from the U.S.

[iii] Calculation based on numbers in reports from Better Work Haiti and the Office of the U.S. Trade Representative.

[iv] Author's calculations based on data from USAspending.gov and USAID.

[v] Ibid.

[vi] Author's calculation based on data from USAspending.gov.

[vii] From personal communication with Chemonics spokesperson.

[viii] Author's calculation based on data from USAspending.gov.

[ix] Author's calculation based on data from U.N. Conduct and Discipline Unit.

[x] Ibid.

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