

Flashback 2005: Watch CNN's Christiane Amanpour Tell Syria's Assad 'US Is Coming for You'

By [Niall Bradley](#)

Global Research, May 03, 2018

[Sott.net](#) 30 April 2018

Region: [Middle East & North Africa](#)

Theme: [History](#), [Intelligence](#)

In-depth Report: [SYRIA](#)

In late 2005 CNN's Christiane Amanpour [interviewed Syrian president Bashar al-Assad](#) ahead of the publication of a UN report on an investigation into the assassination of Rafik Hariri, the former prime minister of Lebanon, on Valentine's Day that year. Syria's leader was at the time effectively tried and condemned in a trial-by-media as having ordered Hariri's assassination, though there is to this day no conclusive evidence proving either Syrian or Lebanese government links with the massive bomb attack in Beirut that killed Hariri and 22 other people. In fact, [the evidence strongly points to an Israeli hand in the murder](#).

Given that Hariri's death triggered a popular uprising known as the 'Cedar Revolution', which overthrew the pro-Syrian government in Beirut and led to Syrian troops being forced out of Lebanon after decades of peacekeeping since the Lebanese civil war, it's difficult to see what possible motivation the Syrian government may have had for assassinating Hariri - though one can certainly see how certain other countries in the region may have benefited.

Having grilled Assad on his alleged involvement in that macabre deed, Amanpour went on to tell her interviewee, to his face, that the US government was 'actively seeking' to depose him by force:

"Mr President, the rhetoric of regime change is headed towards you from the United States. They are actively looking for a new Syrian leader. They are granting visas and visits to Syrian opposition politicians. They are talking about isolating you diplomatically and perhaps a coup d'état or your regime crumbling."

From [this published Wikileaks cable](#), we also know that the following year, in 2006, the top US diplomat in Syria believed that the goal of US policy there should be to destabilize the Syrian government, by any means available:

- that the US should work to increase Sunni-Shia sectarianism in Syria
- the US should try to strain relations between the Syrian government and other Arab governments, and then blame Syria for the strain
- the US should seek to stoke Syrian government fears of coup plots in order to provoke the Syrian government to overreact
- the US should work to undermine Syrian economic reforms and discourage foreign investment
- the US should seek to foster the belief that the Syrian government was not legitimate, and that violent protests in Syria were praiseworthy

And still there are those who believe that the US and its collaborators are NOT to blame for EVERY SINGLE DEATH over the past 7 years of bloody mayhem in Syria.

*

*Niall Bradley has a background in political science and media consulting, and has been an editor and contributing writer at SOTT.net for 8 years. His articles are cross-posted on his personal blog, [NiallBradley.net](#). Niall is co-host of the 'Behind the Headlines' radio show on the [Sott Radio Network](#) and co-authored *Manufactured Terror: The Boston Marathon Bombings, Sandy Hook, Aurora Shooting and Other False-Flag Terror Attacks* with Joe Quinn.*

Featured image is from the author.

The original source of this article is [Sott.net](#)
Copyright © [Niall Bradley](#), [Sott.net](#), 2018

[Comment on Global Research Articles on our Facebook page](#)

[Become a Member of Global Research](#)

Articles by: [Niall Bradley](#)

Disclaimer: The contents of this article are of sole responsibility of the author(s). The Centre for Research on Globalization will not be responsible for any inaccurate or incorrect statement in this article. The Centre of Research on Globalization grants permission to cross-post Global Research articles on community internet sites as long the source and copyright are acknowledged together with a hyperlink to the original Global Research article. For publication of Global Research articles in print or other forms including commercial internet sites, contact: publications@globalresearch.ca

www.globalresearch.ca contains copyrighted material the use of which has not always been specifically authorized by the copyright owner. We are making such material available to our readers under the provisions of "fair use" in an effort to advance a better understanding of political, economic and social issues. The material on this site is distributed without profit to those who have expressed a prior interest in receiving it for research and educational purposes. If you wish to use copyrighted material for purposes other than "fair use" you must request permission from the copyright owner.

For media inquiries: publications@globalresearch.ca