

China's Warning to Tourists Makes America Sound Like Third-World Banana Republic

By Michael Boone

Global Research, July 04, 2018

Grit Post 2 July 2018

Region: <u>Asia</u>, <u>USA</u> Theme: <u>Intelligence</u>

In a memo to tourists, China is warning citizens planning on traveling to the United States to keep watch over their surroundings at all times, avoid visiting U.S. hospitals without American health insurance, and to not venture out alone at night.

According to the South China Morning Post, the Chinese embassy in the United States is warning tourists planning trips to the U.S. to be wary of shootings and theft, and to not get sick or injured lest a foreign visitor be gouged by the United States' absurdly expensive healthcare system.

"Social security in the States is not satisfactory. Shootings, robbery, theft happen frequently," a memo from the Chinese embassy read. "Be aware of suspicious people around you and avoid going out alone at night."

Figures from Statista show that Chinese tourists are visiting the U.S. in ever-increasing numbers. Last year, <u>more than three million Chinese tourists</u> came to the United States, and more than 4.5 million tourists are expected to come to the U.S. by 2022.



Chinese tourists visiting the U.S., 2002-present (chart by Statista)

In addition to warning of inadequate social welfare programs and a prevalence of shootings, the Chinese government is warning citizens visiting the U.S. to not get into any confrontations with U.S. immigration officials, as arguing with a customs agent will "only make things worse."

"A US visa does not guarantee you have the right to enter the country," the embassy stated. "Law enforcers at the customs [desks] have the ultimate power to decide."

China's warning to tourists- particularly about mass shootings — isn't hyperbolic. According to the Gun Violence Archive (GVA), there have been 157 mass shootings in 2018 as of July 1 — just 181 days into this year. The GVA defines a mass shooting as a mass casualty incident caused by firearms in which at least four people were killed or injured, not including the shooter. There were 346 mass shootings in 2017, using the GVA's numbers and methodology.

The American and Chinese healthcare systems are also strikingly different. In a 2017 post for supChina's Sinica series, author Jia Guo — who did not have health insurance — described having to pay approximately \$2,000 for one emergency room visit for severe fever in which doctors didn't do anything besides conduct an X-ray test, a urine test, and a blood test, and prescribe antibiotics, which Jia refused. According to Jia, a similar consultation in China would have cost roughly \$35 USD.

"My parents, who were visiting me from China at the time, couldn't believe that a regular fever could result in all the procedures I was put through and how much everything cost," Jia wrote.

*

Michael Boone is a freelance journalist and columnist writing about politics, government, race, and media. He graduated from Texas Southern University's School of Communication, and lives in Houston's Third Ward.

Featured image is from the author.

The original source of this article is <u>Grit Post</u> Copyright © <u>Michael Boone</u>, <u>Grit Post</u>, 2018

Comment on Global Research Articles on our Facebook page

Become a Member of Global Research

Articles by: Michael Boone

Disclaimer: The contents of this article are of sole responsibility of the author(s). The Centre for Research on Globalization will not be responsible for any inaccurate or incorrect statement in this article. The Centre of Research on Globalization grants permission to cross-post Global Research articles on community internet sites as long the source and copyright are acknowledged together with a hyperlink to the original Global Research article. For publication of Global Research articles in print or other forms including commercial internet sites, contact: publications@globalresearch.ca

www.globalresearch.ca contains copyrighted material the use of which has not always been specifically authorized by the copyright owner. We are making such material available to our readers under the provisions of "fair use" in an effort to advance a better understanding of political, economic and social issues. The material on this site is distributed without profit to those who have expressed a prior interest in receiving it for research and educational purposes. If you wish to use copyrighted material for purposes other than "fair use" you must request permission from the copyright owner.

For media inquiries: publications@globalresearch.ca