

China Updates Its 'Art of Hybrid War'

Chinese General Qiao Liang argues, 'If we have to dance with the wolves, we should not dance to the rhythm of the United States'

By <u>Pepe Escobar</u> Global Research, May 20, 2020 Region: <u>Asia</u>, <u>USA</u> Theme: <u>Global Economy</u>, <u>Intelligence</u>, <u>US</u> <u>NATO War Agenda</u>

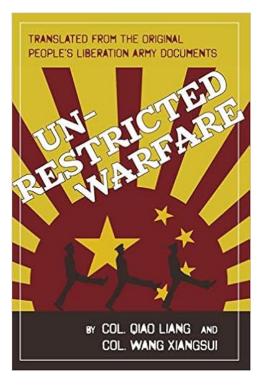
In 1999, **Qiao Liang**, then a senior air force colonel in the People's Liberation Army, and **Wang Xiangsui**, another senior colonel, caused a tremendous uproar with the publication of <u>Unrestricted Warfare: China's Master Plan to Destroy America</u>.

Unrestricted Warfare was essentially the PLA's manual for asymmetric warfare: an updating of Sun Tzu's Art of War. At the time of original publication, with China still a long way from its current geopolitical and geo-economic clout, the book was conceived as laying out a defensive approach, far from the sensationalist "destroy America" added to the title for US publication in 2004.

Now the book is available in a new edition and Qiao Liang, as a retired general and director of the Council for Research on National Security, has resurfaced in a quite revealing interview originally published in the current edition of the Hong Kong-based magazine <u>Zijing</u> (Bauhinia).

General Qiao is not a Politburo member entitled to dictate official policy. But some analysts I talked with agree that the key points he makes in a personal capacity are quite revealing of PLA thinking. Let's review some of the highlights.

Dancing with wolves



The bulk of his argument concentrates on the shortcomings of US manufacturing: "How can the US today want to wage war against the biggest manufacturing power in the world while its own industry is hollowed out?"

An example, referring to Covid-19, is the capacity to produce ventilators:

"Out of over 1,400 pieces necessary for a ventilator, over 1,100 must be produced in China, including final assembly. That's the US problem today. They have state of the art technology, but not the methods and production capacity. So they have to rely on Chinese production."

General Qiao dismisses the possibility that Vietnam, the Philippines, Bangladesh, India and other Asian nations may replace China's cheap workforce:

"Think about which of these countries has more skilled workers than China. What quantity of medium and high level human resources was produced in China in these past 30 years? Which country is educating over 100 million students at secondary and university levels? The energy of all these people is still far from being liberated for China's economic development."

He acknowledges US military power even in times of epidemic and economic difficulties is always capable of "interfering directly or indirectly in the Taiwan straits question" and finding an excuse to "block and sanction China and exclude it from the West." He adds that, "as a producing country, we still cannot satisfy our manufacturing industry with our own resources and rely on our own markets to consume our products."

In consequence, he argues,

it's a "good thing" for China to engage in the cause of reunification, "but it's always a bad thing if it's done at the wrong time. We can only act at the right time. We cannot allow our generation to commit the sin of interrupting the

process of the Chinese nation's renaissance."

General Qiao counsels,

"Don't think that only territorial sovereignty is linked to the fundamental interests of a nation. Other kinds of sovereignty – economic, financial, defense, food, resources, biological and cultural sovereignty – are all linked to the interests and survival of nations and are components of national sovereignty."

To arrest movement toward Taiwan's independence,

"apart from war, other options must be taken into consideration. We can think about the means to act in the immense gray zone between war and peace, and we can even think about more particular means, like launching military operations that will not lead to war, but may involve a moderate use of force."

In a graphic formulation, General Qiao thinks that,

"if we have to dance with the wolves, we should not dance to the rhythm of the US. We should have our own rhythm, and even try to break their rhythm, to minimize its influence. If American power is brandishing its stick, it's because it has fallen into a trap."

In a nutshell, for General Qiao,

"China first of all must show proof of strategic determination to solve the Taiwan question, and then strategic patience. Of course, the premise is that we should develop and maintain our strategic force to solve the Taiwan question by force at any moment."

Gloves are off

Now compare General Qiao's analysis with the by now obvious geopolitical and geoeconomic fact that Beijing will respond tit for tat to any hybrid war tactics deployed by the United States government. The gloves are definitely off.

The gold standard expression has come in a no-holds barred Global Times editorial:

"We must be clear that coping with US suppression will be the key focus of China's national strategy. We should enhance cooperation with most countries. The US is expected to contain China's international front lines, and we must knock out this US plot and make China-US rivalry a process of US selfisolation."

An inevitable corollary is that the <u>all-out offensive to cripple Huawei</u> will be <u>counterpunched</u> in kind, targeting Apple, Qualcom, Cisco and Boeing, even including "investigations or suspensions of their right to do business in China." So for all practical purposes, Beijing has now publicly unveiled its strategy to counteract US **President Donald Trump**'s "We could cut off the whole relationship" kind of assertions.

A toxic racism-meets-anti-communism matrix is responsible for the predominant anti-Chinese sentiment across the US, encompassing at least 66% of the whole population. Trump instinctively seized it – and repackaged it as his re-election campaign theme, fully approved by Steve Bannon.

The strategic objective is to go after China across the full spectrum. The tactical objective is to forge an anti-China front across the West: another instance of encirclement, hybrid warstyle, focused on economic war.

This will imply a concerted offensive, trying to enforce embargoes and trying to block regional markets to Chinese companies. Lawfare will be the norm. Even freezing Chinese assets in the US is not a far-fetched proposition anymore.

Every possible Silk Road branch-out – on the energy front, ports, the Health Silk Road, digital interconnection – will be strategically targeted. Those who were dreaming that Covid-19 could be the ideal pretext for a new Yalta – uniting Trump, Xi and Putin – may rest in peace.

"Containment" will go into overdrive. A neat example is **Admiral Philip Davidson** – head of the Indo-Pacific Command – asking for \$20 billion for a <u>"robust military cordon"</u> from California to Japan and down the Pacific Rim, complete with "highly survivable, precisionstrike networks" along the Pacific Rim and "forward-based, rotational joint forces" to counteract the "renewed threat we face from great power competition."

Davidson argues that,

"without a valid and convincing conventional deterrent, China and Russia will be emboldened to take action in the region to supplant US interests."

Watch People's Congress

From the point of view of large swathes of the Global South, the current, extremely dangerous incandescence, or New Cold War, is mostly interpreted as the progressive ending of the Western coalition's hegemony over the whole planet.

Still, scores of nations are being asked, bluntly, by the hegemon to position themselves once again in a "you're with us or against us" global war on terror imperative.

At the annual session of the National People's Congress, starting this Friday, we will see how China will be dealing with its top priority: to reorganize domestically after the pandemic.

For the first time in 35 years, Beijing will be forced to relinquish its economic growth targets. This also means that the objective of doubling GDP and per capita income by 2020 compared with 2010 will also be postponed.

What we should expect is absolute emphasis on domestic spending – and social stability – over a struggle to become a global leader, even if that's not totally overlooked.

After all, **President Xi Jinping** made it clear earlier this week that a "Covid-19 vaccine

development and deployment in China, when available," won't be subjected to Big Pharma logic, but "will be made a global public good. This will be China's contribution to ensuring vaccine accessibility and affordability in developing countries." The Global South is paying attention.

Internally, Beijing will boost support for state-owned enterprises that are strong in innovation and risk-taking. China always defies predictions by Western "experts." For instance, exports rose 3.5% in April, when the experts were forecasting a decline of 15.7%. The trade surplus was \$45.3 billion, when experts were forecasting only \$6.3 billion.

Beijing seems to identify clearly the extending gap between a West, especially the US, that's plunging into de facto New Great Depression territory with a China that's about to rekindle economic growth. The center of gravity of global economic power keeps moving, inexorably, toward Asia.

Hybrid war? Bring it on.

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This article was originally published on <u>Asia Times</u>.

Pepe Escobar is a frequent contributor to Global Research.

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