

## Breaking: Eastern Ghouta's Jihadists Are Ready to Cooperate

By Inside Syria Media Center Global Research, March 18, 2018 Region: <u>Middle East & North Africa</u> Theme: <u>Terrorism</u>, <u>US NATO War Agenda</u> In-depth Report: <u>SYRIA</u>

Militants from radical groups Faylaq al-Rahman have cut their ties with the <u>Tahrir al-Sham</u> terrorist organization with the aim to leave Eastern Ghouta. It is also reported that several clashes occurred between militants of the two groups. The decision to split was taken after a number of demonstrations in the town of <u>Kafr Batna</u>. According to local sources, citizens of the town who have been suffering from the war every day demanded that the jihadists leave the region. Many of them believe that the terrorists' withdrawal will finally bring peace to <u>Eastern Ghouta</u>.

To prove their readiness the radical jihadists in this regard have issued **a joint statement from Eastern Ghouta** as <u>Faylaq al-Rahman</u> Corps, <u>Jaysh al-Islam</u>, and <u>Ahrar al-Sham</u>. They all describe themselves as members of the Free Syrian Army (<u>FSA</u>) and emphasize a remarkable affirmation. The radicals confirm readiness to conduct negotiations in <u>Geneva</u> with the Russian side under the auspices of the United Nations, to discuss the mechanism and procedures for the implementation of <u>Security Council resolution 2401</u>, which demands a cease-fire.

Inside Syria Media Center publishes the transcript of their release below.

## Release

Following up on the statements made by UN Special Envoy to Syria, Mr. Staffan de-Mistura, we, the Free Syrian Army factions in Eastern Ghouta, reaffirm our full engagement to implement the UN resolutions, and fully take part in the political process based on the relevant UN resolutions.

We also emphasize the following:

Our full readiness to conduct direct negotiations in Geneva with the Russian side under the auspices of the United Nations, to discuss the mechanisms and procedures for the implementation of Security Council resolution 2401, which demands a cease-fire.

Faylaq Rahman , Jaish Islam , Ahrar Al Sham

\*

This article was originally published on ISMC.

The original source of this article is Global Research Copyright © Inside Syria Media Center, Global Research, 2018

## **Comment on Global Research Articles on our Facebook page**

## **Become a Member of Global Research**

Articles by: Inside Syria Media Center **Disclaimer:** The contents of this article are of sole responsibility of the author(s). The Centre for Research on Globalization will not be responsible for any inaccurate or incorrect statement in this article. The Centre of Research on Globalization grants permission to cross-post Global Research articles on community internet sites as long the source and copyright are acknowledged together with a hyperlink to the original Global Research article. For publication of Global Research articles in print or other forms including commercial internet sites, contact: <a href="mailto:publications@globalresearch.ca">publications@globalresearch.ca</a>

www.globalresearch.ca contains copyrighted material the use of which has not always been specifically authorized by the copyright owner. We are making such material available to our readers under the provisions of "fair use" in an effort to advance a better understanding of political, economic and social issues. The material on this site is distributed without profit to those who have expressed a prior interest in receiving it for research and educational purposes. If you wish to use copyrighted material for purposes other than "fair use" you must request permission from the copyright owner.

For media inquiries: publications@globalresearch.ca