

The She'll Be Right Mate Syndrome: Australia's Doomed Koalas

By Dr. Binoy Kampmark

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In a country expert in killing off mammal species at a rate exceeding that of others (to be fair, there are so many more to destroy, with more to come), Australians now face the prospect that the koala, one of its most singularly recognisable animals, has its days numbered.

Divergent attitudes to such animal species, notably indigenous ones, has been a point of some despair for conservationists. In 1995, Ron Green, the zoological director of Canberra's Australian National Wildlife Sanctuary, put his finger on the matter <u>by suggesting</u> that Australians were "unique" in their "blasé" disposition. "They'll look at the white rhinoceros going into extinction on the TV, and become outraged but [have] an illusion that everything is fine in Australia; the 'She'll be right, mate' syndrome, but we've wiped out the most mammals of any country in the world."

Despite an emerging ecological awareness in Australia, the syndrome still stalks the halls of power. Last month, the Morrison government found itself in the unenviable position of having to declare the koala an endangered species in Queensland, New South Wales and the Australian Capital Territory. In 2012, the species had been listed as "vulnerable" in the same jurisdictions. As conservation scientist Stuart Blanch from WWF-Australia glumly observed, "Koalas have gone from no-listing to vulnerable to endangered within a decade. This is a shockingly fast decline."

The koala species has been savaged by an assortment of environmental changes, many of them of human making. Through the 1920s, hundreds of thousands were shot for their fur. Then came the devastating effects of tree-clearing in such states as Queensland and New South Wales for reasons of urban and agricultural development. The effects were such that they led the Australian Koala Foundation in the mid-1990s to urge the Queensland government to place the species on the endangered list.

Over the vicious summer of 2019-2020, the Blackfire bushfires <u>killed</u> some 5,000 and affected 24% of the habitats in New South Wales alone. The entire conflagration is said,

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according to WWF-Australia, to have "killed, injured or affected in some way" 60,000 koalas.

The endangered status imposes no obligation upon the government to actually take any measures, odd as that sounds, but Prime Minister Scott Morrison never misses a chance to advertise a funding spray. At the end of January, a joint media release from his office and that of Environment Minister Sussan Ley announced that \$50 million would be provided "to boost the long-term protection and recovery efforts for Australia's koalas."

The package would, in the Prime Minister's words, aid in "restoring koala habitat, improving our understanding of koala populations, supporting training in koala treatment and care, and strengthening research into koala health outcomes."

On February 11, Ley was tooting and hooting away with <u>another announcement</u> that levels of protection for the species would be boosted "under National Environmental Law." The government was "taking unprecedented action to protect the koala, working with scientists, medical researchers, veterinarians, communities, states, local governments and Traditional Owners."

When struggling for answers, those in power find it best to defer matters to a committee or working group. Not wishing to buck this tendency, Ley announced that the Threatened Species Scientific Committee would be considering "the status of the Koala."

The language of the announcement was a jarring mix of promotion and doom, with the doom element – namely, declaring the koala as endangered in three jurisdictions – buried in over the rainbow promises of protection. "Together we can ensure a healthy future for the koala and this decision, along with the total \$74 million we have committed to koalas since 2019 will play a key role in that process."

Such empty displays of political theatre are acts of distraction and denial. The koalas may have been offered "a nice new word," <a href="https://huffed/huf

Little is made of climate change, a phenomenon which Morrison has found hard to contend with. There is also little in the way of teeth in the proposed actions. Blanch makes the point that slapping an endangered status upon a species is one thing but, in this case, it "won't stop koalas from sliding towards extinction unless it's accompanied by stronger laws and landholder incentives to protect their forest homes."

The Australian Koala Foundation also notes the absence of specific legislation across the country to protect koalas and their habitat. It <u>recommends</u> the drafting and passage of the Koala Protection Act, with a focus on protecting the trees themselves. "The reason we have been so clear about protection of trees is because if you are a Koala and lose your home, you have nothing to eat, and you are lost, leaving you more susceptible to threats such as cars and dogs."

The organisation claims to have a "precise list of trees" covering the geographic scope of the koala and insists that the onus be placed on any developer to demonstrate that their actions "will be benign to the landscape."

With such stewards of the environment as Ley, animal species are doomed. This was predictable enough. For decades, Australia's environmental portfolio has been leased, if not

bought outright, by fossil fuel and developer interests. It was Ley who used her good offices to convince international officialdom that the world need not worry about the ailing health of the Great Barrier Reef. It was yet another example of the odious "She'll be right, mate" syndrome.

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Dr. Binoy Kampmark was a Commonwealth Scholar at Selwyn College, Cambridge. He currently lectures at RMIT University. He is a regular contributor to Global Research and Asia-Pacific Research. Email: bkampmark@gmail.com

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