

Another False Flag Terror Admission: Snipers in the 2014 Kiev Maidan “Protests”

By [Washington's Blog](#)

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Snipers Fired At BOTH Police and Protesters In Ukraine

Remember the protests in Ukraine which led to the old leader being replaced?

If you'll recall, the ruthless slaughter of people by snipers was the event which turned world opinion against the Ukrainian President, and resulted in him having to flee the country.

Italy's 11th [largest newspaper](#) - Il Giornale - [reported](#) on an admission by several of the snipers ([Google translation](#)):

“Everyone started shooting two or three shots at a time. It went on for fifteen, twenty minutes. We had no choice. **We were ordered to shoot both on the police and the demonstrators**, without any difference. I was totally outraged.

“So Georgian Alexander Revazishvili remembers the tragic shootout of 20 February 2014 in Kiev when a group of mysterious snipers opened fire on crowds and cops massacring over 80 people. That massacre has horrified the world and changed the destiny of Ukraine by forcing President Viktor Yanukovich accused of organizing the shootout. But the massacre also changed the fates of Europe and our country, triggering the crisis that will lead to sanctions against Putin's Russia. Sanctions revealed a boomerang for the Italian economy ([Watch the video](#)).

Revazishvili's confessions and two other Georgians - gathered by writers in the documentary “Ukraine, the hidden truths” aired tonight at 23.30 on Matrix, Channel 5 - reveal a different and disconcerting truth. The truth of a massacre and the same opposition that accused Yanukovych and his Russian allies. Revazishvili and his two companions - met and interviewed in the documentary - are a **former member of the security services of former Georgian President Mikhail Saakashvili** and two former militants of his party. Hired in Tbilisi by Mamuka Mamulashvili, Saakashvili's military adviser, are tasked with supporting - along with other Georgian and Lithuanian volunteers - ongoing demonstrations in Kiev in return for a \$5,000 final fee.

The following day, Mamulashvili and the leaders of the protest explain to volunteers who will face a police assault at the Conservatory building and at the Ukraine hotel. In that case - he says - **we must shoot at the square and sow the chaos**. But one of the protagonists confesses to having received another explanation, much more comprehensive. “When Mamulashvili arrived, I also asked him. Things are getting complicated, we have to start shooting

- **he replied that we can not go to the pre-election presidential elections. But who should shoot? "I asked. He replied that who and where it did not matter, you had to shoot somewhere so much to sow chaos. "**

"It did not matter if we fired at a tree, a barricade, or the molotov. confirms another volunteer - **what counts was sowing confusion.**

BBC interviewed the head of the *opposition's* security forces at the time, who confirms that snipers were killing **both** sides ... protesters and police:

And the former Ukrainian *government* security boss [said the same thing](#). Specifically, he [said](#):

Former chief of Ukraine's Security Service has confirmed allegations that snipers who killed dozens of people during the violent unrest in Kiev operated from a building controlled by the opposition on Maidan square.

Shots that killed both civilians and police officers were fired from the Philharmonic Hall building in Ukraine's capital, former head of the Security Service of Ukraine Aleksandr Yakimenko told Russia 1 channel. The building was under full control of the opposition and particularly the so-called Commandant of Maidan self-defense Andrey Parubiy who after the coup was appointed as the Secretary of the National Security and Defense Council of Ukraine, Yakimenko added.

So the chief of the **government's** security forces, the head of the **opposition's** security forces, and the snipers **themselves** all admit the snipers were killing **both** protesters and police.

[Similarly](#):

[Ukrainian Health Minister Oleh] Musiy, who spent more than two months organizing medical units on Maidan, said that on Feb. 20 roughly 40 civilians and **protesters** were brought with fatal bullet wounds to the makeshift hospital set up near the square. But he said **medics also treated three police officers whose wounds were identical.**

Forensic evidence, in particular the similarity of the bullet wounds, led him and others to conclude that snipers were targeting both sides of the standoff at Maidan — and that **the shootings were intended to generate a wave of revulsion so strong that it would topple Yanukovich** and also justify a Russian invasion.

And the Estonian foreign minister - after visiting Ukraine - told the EU foreign affairs minister that the [Maidan opposition deployed the snipers - and fired on both the protesters and the police - to discredit the former government of Ukraine.](#)

The Snipers Were Associated with the Maidan Protesters

While the mainstream media has proclaimed that the sniper fire was definitely from government forces, some of the above-cited sources dispute that claim.

Additionally, BBC [reported](#) at the time:

Reporting for Newsnight, Gabriel Gatehouse said he saw what looked like a **protester** shooting out of a window at the BBC's Kiev base, the Ukraine Hotel.

BBC [interviewed](#) a Maidan **protester** who admitted that he fired a sniper rifle at police from the Conservatory, and that he was guided by a military veteran within the Maidan resistance. Here are actual pictures a reporter took of Maidan snipers, recently published by BBC:



(There were reportedly at least 10 Maidan snipers firing from the Conservatory.)

The Frankfurter Allgemeine [reported](#) that Maidan commander Volodymyr Parasjuk controlled the Conservatory at the time:

Volodymyr Parasjuk – the leader in “self-defense units” of the revolution who had called the night of Yanukovich’s escape, on the stage of Maidan to storm the presidential residence one year ago.

On the day of the massacre **Parasjuk was staying with his unit in the colonnaded building of the Kiev Conservatory right at the Maidan.** In the days before the death toll had risen, and the fighters grew the conviction alone with limited power as before will not be able to overthrow Yanukovych. **“There were at that time many guys who said you have to take the weapon and attack,”** said Parasjuk recalls. “Many,” he himself had since long ago it had firearms, often their officially registered **hunting rifles.**

Tagesschau – a German national and international television news service produced by state-run Norddeutscher Rundfunk on behalf of the German public-service television network ARD – also [reported](#) in 2014 that at least some of the sniper fire came from **protesters.**

And remember, the snipers who admitted firing at both sides were associated with Mikhail Saakashvili and his party. Saakashvili was a huge supporter of the Maidan protesters from

the very beginning. As Newsweek [reports](#):

Saakashvili was a supporter of the Ukrainian revolution since the beginning of Euromaidan

Indeed, the Maidan protesters who deposed the old Ukrainian prime minister were so pleased with events that they rewarded Saakashvili by [appointing](#) him leader of Ukraine's [largest](#) region.

Former AP and Newsweek reporter **Robert Parry** [summarizes](#) what kind of guy Saakashvili is:

The latest political move by the ... regime in Ukraine was to foist on the people of Odessa the autocratic Georgian ex-President **Mikheil Saakashvili**, a neoconservative favorite and currently a fugitive from his own country which is seeking him on charges of human rights violations and embezzlement.

According to a New York Times [profile](#) last September, Saakashvili was there "writing a memoir, delivering 'very well-paid' speeches, helping start up a Washington-based think tank and visiting old boosters like Senator John McCain and Victoria Nuland, the assistant secretary of state."

McCain and Nuland were key neocon backers of the coup that ousted Yanukovich and touched off the bloody civil war that has killed thousands of ethnic Russians in eastern Ukraine, while also reviving Cold War tensions between the West and Russia. Before the coup, McCain urged on right-wing protesters with promises of U.S. support and Nuland [was overheard](#) hand-picking Ukraine's new leadership, saying "Yats is the guy," a reference to Arseniy Yatsenyuk, who became prime minister after the coup.

The Georgian prosecutors also have charged Saakashvili with human rights violations for his [violent crackdown](#) on political protesters in 2007.

Context: Sniper Attacks As False Flag Terror

Random shootings are a type of [false flag terror](#). For example, in 1985 - as part of the "Gladio" false flag terror campaign (see [number 12](#)) - [snipers attacked and shot shoppers in supermarkets randomly](#) in Belgium, killing twenty-eight and leaving many wounded.

Shooting *both sides* is an especially big red flag for a false flag ...

Specifically, when authoritarian regimes want to break up protests, they might shoot *protesters*. On the other hand, when violent protesters shoot *government employees*, they might be trying to overthrow the government.

But when secretive snipers kill **both** protesters and the police, it is an indication of a ["false flag" attack](#) meant to sow chaos, anger, disgust and a lack of legitimacy.

This has happened many times over the years. For example:

- Unknown snipers reportedly killed both [Venezuelan](#) government *and* opposition protesters in the attempted 2002 coup
- Unknown snipers fired during [Thailand's 2010 protests](#), killing both police *and* protesters
- And see [this](#) and [this](#)

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