

# Afghanistan: US military death toll reaches 400

By [Global Research](#)

Global Research, October 22, 2010

[Pajhwok Afghan News](#) 22 October 2010

Theme: [US NATO War Agenda](#)

In-depth Report: [AFGHANISTAN](#)

KABUL: A NATO soldier from US was killed following “an insurgent attack” in eastern Afghanistan, taking the death toll of American soldiers to 400 this year, the alliance said on Thursday.

The soldier was killed on Thursday, NATO’s International Security Assistance Force (ISAF) said in a statement.

The statement released no further details in line with ISAF policy.

The death brings to 598 the number of foreign troops killed in Afghanistan so far this year.

The total for 2009, the second deadliest year, was 521, including 317 American soldiers.

US troops are stationed in eastern provinces under ISAF command.

The original source of this article is [Pajhwok Afghan News](#)

Copyright © [Global Research](#), [Pajhwok Afghan News](#), 2010

---

[Comment on Global Research Articles on our Facebook page](#)

[Become a Member of Global Research](#)

Articles by: [Global Research](#)

**Disclaimer:** The contents of this article are of sole responsibility of the author(s). The Centre for Research on Globalization will not be responsible for any inaccurate or incorrect statement in this article. The Centre of Research on Globalization grants permission to cross-post Global Research articles on community internet sites as long the source and copyright are acknowledged together with a hyperlink to the original Global Research article. For publication of Global Research articles in print or other forms including commercial internet sites, contact: [publications@globalresearch.ca](mailto:publications@globalresearch.ca)

[www.globalresearch.ca](http://www.globalresearch.ca) contains copyrighted material the use of which has not always been specifically authorized by the copyright owner. We are making such material available to our readers under the provisions of "fair use" in an effort to advance a better understanding of political, economic and social issues. The material on this site is distributed without profit to those who have expressed a prior interest in receiving it for research and educational purposes. If you wish to use copyrighted material for purposes other than "fair use" you must request permission from the copyright owner.

For media inquiries: [publications@globalresearch.ca](mailto:publications@globalresearch.ca)